For the Mountain Region, stray intake rate is the highest it has been in 4 years for both cats and dogs.

States in the Mountain Region (as defined by the US Census):

- Arizona
- Colorado
- Idaho
- Montana
- Nevada
- New Mexico
- Utah
- Wyoming

**INTAKES**

**TOTAL COMMUNITY INTAKES ALL SPECIES**

- 6.6% change 2021 to 2022 January to September
- -4.6% change 2019 to 2022 January to September

**Intake Types % of Total Intakes 2022**

- **Cats**
  - Relinquished by Owner: 29.3%
  - Transfer In: 14.6%
  - Stray: 47.2%
  - Other: 9.0%

- **Dogs**
  - Relinquished by Owner: 27.8%
  - Transfer In: 14.2%
  - Stray: 45.1%
  - Other: 12.9%
OUTCOMES

TOTAL OUTCOMES
- 1.7% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 13.8% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

LIVE OUTCOMES
- 1.1% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 12.2% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

NON-LIVE OUTCOMES
- 6.9% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 24.9% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

TOTAL ADOPTIONS
- 4.5% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 8.0% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

CAT ADOPTIONS
- 7.0% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 2.1% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

DOG ADOPTIONS
- 1.8% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2021
- 17.2% CHANGE COMPARED TO 2019

PBC
The SAC Population Balance Calculation (PBC) is the formula used to determine if a shelter’s population is increasing, decreasing, or staying the same. It simply takes the total outcomes divided by the total intakes for a time period. 100% means the animals are leaving at the exact same rate they are coming in. Below 100% means the population is increasing and above 100% means the population is decreasing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>100.8%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>96.0%</td>
<td>93.8%</td>
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</tbody>
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